NORTHROPARDISACHE or Release 2005/01/12 YCIARREPSE-DM 158000400260007-6 OR 91 PAGE COMM REPORTED IN IRAN AS AN ATONEMENT

\$2 Million Is Said to Cover Questionable Sales Fees-Teheran Wants \$8 Million

> By ERIC PACE Special to The New York Times

TEHERAN, Iran, Feb. 22-The California-based Northrop Corporation recently paid an unannounced rebate of \$2 million to the Iranian Government to atone for ethically questionable payments to third parties in connection with earlier sales of military aircraft to Iran, highly placed Iranian sources disclosed over the weekend.

Nonetheless, the informants said, the Iranian Government has decided to make a penalty deduction of more than \$8 million from payments to a North-Northrop had planned to inform rop subsidiary, Page Communi- its spareholders of the payment. cations Engineers Inc. and No comment has been forthcom- corporations last year made the payment. three other companies involved in the United States or in Iran. dicating that Northrop paytions construction project in currently involved in a cam-nection with aircraft and other Iran. The sum represents the paign against corrupt and un-transactions here and elsewhere amount that the four concerns ethical practices by Iranians were of long standing, and by foreign businessmen— The principal military transactions nere and eisewhere ethical practices by Iranians were of long standing, and by foreign businessmen— The principal military transactions nere and eisewhere earmarked for commissions and by foreign businessmen— The principal military transactions nere and eisewhere earmarked for commissions and by foreign businessmen— The principal military transactions nere and eisewhere earmarked for commissions and by foreign businessmen— The principal military transactions nere and eisewhere earmarked for commissions and by foreign businessmen— The principal military transactions nere and eisewhere earmarked for commissions and by foreign businessmen— The principal military transactions nere and eisewhere earmarked for commissions and by foreign businessmen— The principal military transactions nere and eisewhere earmarked for commissions and by foreign businessmen— The principal military transactions involving Northrop and and other payments to third. and other payments to third Iranian Government officials parties in connection with the received any payoffs from the project.

[Efforts to reach officers of the Northrop Corporation for comment on the subject over the weekend were unsuccessful.]

stance of a United States com- which has contracted to sell pany accused of questionable Iran 80 F-14 Tomat fighters for financial commitments in con- \$2.2 billion. nection with dealings in Iran, peatedly suggested that much actually dispersing a rebate to of the slush funds involved had the Iranian Government - in wound up in the pockets of what was described here as an foreign executives rather than

Just what aircraft sale, and terday, some crumbs may have just what commitment, had been given to Iranians, but the given rise to Northron's 52 mile meat goes back to Western given rise to Northrop's 52 nul-businessmen." lion rebate was not disclosed. The Iranian Government's But Northrop has sold the Iran-position is that its officials ian Air Force scores of F-5A must negotiate contracts of the fighter of the sold of the Iran-position is that its officials and F-5E tactical fighter of For Ralea session Settles 2: CIA-RDP88-01315R000400260007-6

port on Northrop's payments for Iran-and that if the for here that

last year.

a check, for precisely \$2,138, terms for Iran. 235, made out to the Imperial said to have been on an acat Chapel Hill, N.C.

highly placed Northrop execu- connection with the current detive to a "senior military man liveries of Tomcats to Iran.

General Toufanian, who is in Iran" with an accompanying also Vice Minister of War, has letter saying in part, "I trust tives as early as April, 1973 volved in the communications this action demonstrates North-that Iran had prohibited the rop's full support of the policies use of agents in arranging of His Imperial Majesty (Shah military sales to Iran. And in in 1970 and now virtually com-Mohammed Rizi Pahlevi) with November 1973, he has said, respect to the future conduct of business in Iran and that the fine relation between Northrop and Iran will continue."

There was no immediate indication of whether and how lion from payments to a North- Northrop had planned to inform

> more than \$8 million committed for third-party payments in connection with the communi-

cations project, gestions that Iranian officials had received payoffs from another large United States arma-The reported \$2 million pay- ments concern, the Grumman ment is the first known in-Corporation of Bethpage, L.I.,

effort to retain Iran's good will, in those of Iranians. As one highly placed Iranian officialcontended in an interview yes-

to third parties here and in eign companies involved can the for work by a serv-The informants reported that with such transactions, then the \$2 million payment came the concerns are not dealing stood to have been dissolved. two weeks ago in the form of at the most favorable possible

Acting on this logic, Iran's Government of Iran and dated cer, General Hassan Toufanian, chief military purchasing offi-Jan. 15, 1976. The check was has repeatedly told the New York Times in interviews here count at the First Union Na- that he expects the Grumman tional Bank of North Carolina Corporation to pay a similar penalty; rebate of more than \$20 million to atone for im-One informant reported that proper financial commitments the check had been sent by a to purported sales agents in

he got the United States Defense Department to add to its regulations a rule against employing agents in governmentto-government military sales to

Payments to Roosevelt

The Iranian Government is ments to third parties in con-

escore Northrop F-5A lightveight fighters several years ago and the subsequent sale of more than 100 F-5E single-seat tactical fighters. Both sales. were made through the United States Government.

Kermit Roosevelt, grandson of President Theodore Roosevelt and formerly a high official of the Central Intelligence Agency, was reported to have been paid up to \$75,000 a year plus expenses to open doors for Northrop in Washington and in Iran and other Middle East countries.

And several hundred thousand dollars were said to have been paid to Prince Shahram Pahlevi, a member of Iran's imperial family, in connection with the activities of the Page concern in Iran. But the Prince is understood to have claimed

other countries caused a furor afford to set money aside to lice company he headed that pay to middlemen in connection provided office space, legal and other advice, and other services. The company is under-

> In addition, Northrop admitted last summer to having paid a \$4,400 bribe to an Iranian tax official.

Documents released by the subcommittee also indicated that a retired United States Army major general, Harvey Jablonsky, had opened a numbered bank account in Switzerland in which Northrop deposited more than \$600,000 as a slush fund, and a Northrop official was quoted as having said he thought at least part of that sum was earmarked for project here.

pleted, involved the construction of an integrated national telecommunications system. This entailed, among other things, the building of many microwave transmitters for relaying telephone calls around Iran.

Iran is understood to have already paid a substantial part of the money due under the contract to the four fereign companies, which formed a consortium to carry out the project: Page Communications, General Telephone and Electronics International, Siemens A.G. and the Nippon Electric Company